Supplementary Online Content

Rodriguez MI, Edelman AB, Skye M, Anderson L, Darney BG. Association of pharmacist prescription with dispensed duration of hormonal contraception. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2020;3(5):e205252. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2020.5252

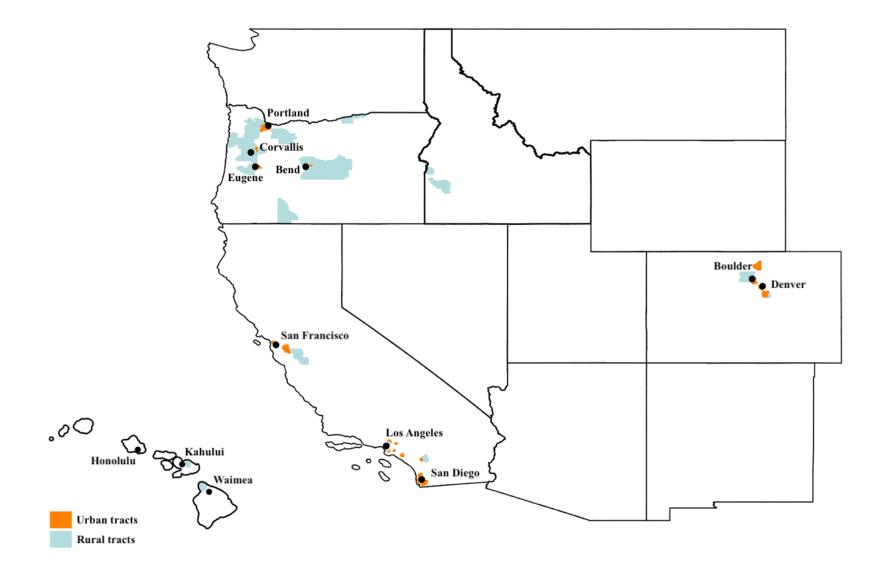
eFigure 1. Urban and Rural Census Tracts Where Participants Received Prescriptions From Pharmacists

eFigure 2. Study Enrollment Flow Chart

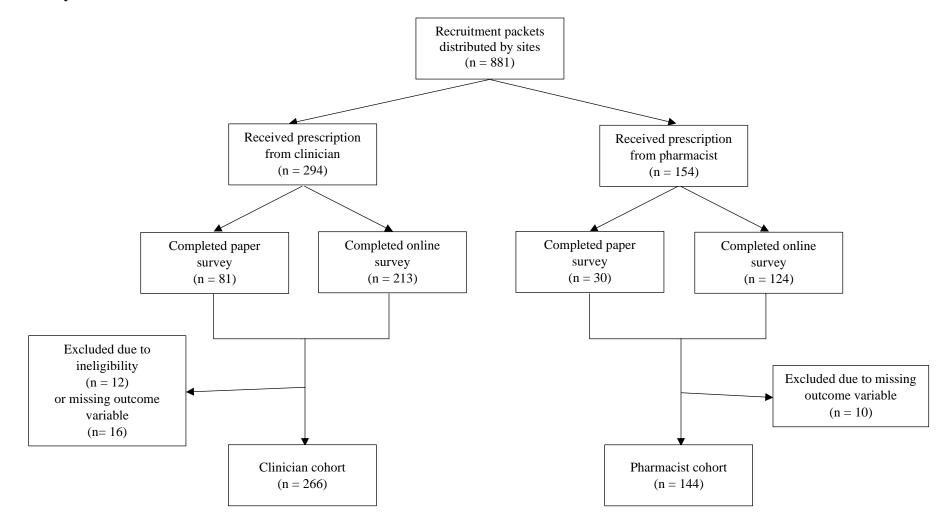
eTable. Summary of State Programs

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eFigure 1: Urban and rural census tracts where participants received prescriptions from pharmacists



eFigure 2: Study enrollment flow chart



eTable: Summary of state programs

State	Implementation	Methods	Prescribing	Training	Age	Reimbursement
	Date	Included	Authority	Requirement	Restrictions	Practices
Oregon	Jan. 2016	-2016-17: Pill &	Unrestricted	Board of Pharmacy	\geq 18 y.o. or	Medicaid and
		Patch	Category-	approval and	previous	some 3 rd -party
		-2017-Present:	Specific*	ACPE-accredited	prescription	coverage (started
		Pill, Patch, Ring,			(sunsets in Jan.	in Jan. 2016)
		Injection			2020)	
California	April 2016	Pill, Patch, Ring,	State Protocol**	1 hour related to	None	Medicaid (started
	•	Injection		self-administered		in April 2019)
				contraception, or		
				graduated after		
				2014		
Colorado	Feb. 2017	Pill & Patch	State Protocol**	ACPE-accredited	≥ 18 y.o.	None
				related to		
				pharmacist's		
				prescribing		
				contraception		
Hawaii	July 2017	Pill, Patch, Ring	Unrestricted	ACPE-accredited	None	None
			Category-	related to		
			Specific*	pharmacist's		
				prescribing		
				contraception every		
				2 years		

ACPE: Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education

<u>Types of Prescribing authority being utilized in various states</u>¹:

^{*}Unrestricted category-specific: allows pharmacist's to autonomously prescribe within a specified category of medications and for a medical purpose (often to benefit public health). This is done without entering into a collaborative agreement with a supervising physician.

^{**}State-wide protocol: allows pharmacist's to autonomously prescribe when they follow and meet qualifying criteria set out in a protocol published by an empowered state body. When pharmacist's follow the state protocol a collaborative agreement with a supervising physician is not needed.